General syllabus for third-cycle courses and study programmes for the third-cycle subject area Systems Engineering

1 Description of the third-cycle subject area at BTH

Systems Engineering raises fundamental questions of how a technical system with many various components can interact to a functioning whole. Systems Engineering is a subject area that traditionally has a strong position in the Swedish industry. The subject area aims to create a systematic and basic understanding of large-scale systems. Systems Engineering research has importance in a number of areas in our society and makes it possible to transfer ideas from one field of application to another. This applies both to the development of industrial products; as for infrastructure, transports and healthcare. In recent years, the availability of cheap sensors and computer components have contributed to the expansion of the subject. The increasing calculation capabilities of computers have opened up a range of new applications and has also contributed to a more efficient use of resources. Systems Engineering is focused where relevant issues are increasingly complex and when there is a requirement for new theory to manage and analyze large amounts of information and increased complexity while maintaining the requirements of precision, flexibility and security.

The Systems Engineering specialization at BTH currently includes, among other aspects, mathematical modelling and optimization of systems, remote sensing and sensors and information systems, marine technologies, autonomous vehicles and transport systems.

2 Structure of the course/programme

Third-cycle courses and study programmes which finish with a Degree of Licentiate comprise an actual period of study of two years (120 higher education credits) and consist of a course component of 37 – 60 higher education credits and a licentiate thesis of 60 – 83 higher education credits.

Third-cycle courses and study programmes which finish with a Degree of Doctor comprise an actual period of study of four years (240 higher education credits) and consist of a course component of 67 – 90 higher education credits and a dissertation of 150 – 173 higher education credits.

A third-cycle student who is admitted to the Degree of Doctor is given the possibility to take a Degree of Licentiate (according to the above) after having completed minimum 120 higher education credits of the programme that is to be finished with a Degree of Doctor.

For each third-cycle student an individual study plan is set up. The individual study plan describes the individual set-up of the studies. The individual study plan is revised and followed up yearly in accordance with the routines that are established at BTH. The study plan is to show
in a convincing way how the goals for the third-cycle student’s studies can be attained within
the available time period.

In accordance with the Higher Education Ordinance at least two supervisors are appointed for
each third-cycle student of whom one is appointed principal supervisor. According to the BTH
local guidelines for the appointing of principal supervisor she/he is to be professor, adjunct
professor or docent employed at BTH and is to have undergone supervisor training or hold the
equivalent competence. A supervisor, who is not the principal supervisor of the two, is to have
a doctoral degree. In addition, further supervisors may be affiliated to the third-cycle student,
e.g., from the business sector, if this is for the benefit of the third-cycle student’s studies. For
these additional supervisors no demand on having a doctoral degree is placed.

2.1 Purpose of the education
BTH conducts third-cycle education in order to contribute with solutions to the complex
challenges in society and to meet the demands of a changeable labour market.

Specifically, the third-cycle courses and study programmes aim at developing the third-cycle
student’s knowledge in the subject area and her/his capacity to independently carry on research-
development-, teaching- and investigatory work based on a scientific foundation in different
areas of society. The purpose of the Degree of Doctor is, in addition, to give the third-cycle
student the capacity to critically and independently plan, initiate, and lead such work.

2.2 Goals for the education
According to the System of Qualifications in the Higher Education Ordinance (1993:100)
according to enclosure.

2.3 Realization of the education
The third-cycle student carries on research and writes a scientific work (licentiate
thesis/doctoral dissertation). In support of this, the education may include lectures, seminars,
literature studies, project assignments, group supervision and individual supervision. Courses
for each third-cycle student are established individually in consultation with the supervisors and
the examiner and are entered into the individual study plan.

The supervision of the education aims at assisting the third-cycle student regarding choice of
research domain, scientific method and organization and planning of the scientific work and
pertaining studies. The supervisors are to assist with subject competence and see to that the
work holds an international quality level. Furthermore, the supervision aims at introducing the
third-cycle student to the scientific community and its demands on ethics, honesty and critical
thinking.

The third-cycle student is to participate in national and international contexts and present her/his
own research.

During the education period the third-cycle student is to take part of the scientific activities
which are conducted in the scientific environment at the department/faculty by attending
seminars and guest lectures, and, in the normal case, give one seminar per year about her/his thesis work.

The third-cycle student is to carry out a popular science-based presentation of her/his research before the Degree of Licentiate and public defence of the doctoral dissertation and write a popular science-based summary which is to be included in the licentiate thesis respective the doctoral dissertation.

A third-cycle student, employed by the higher education institution as a doctoral student, is recommended to dedicate certain time (not more than 20 per cent of full working hours) to teaching in first- and second-cycle courses and programmes. Such work is financed by the first- and second-cycle courses and programmes and is to be accounted for in the individual study plan.

The education should be organized so that the third-cycle student attains the stipulated examination targets. How the knowledge needs of each individual third-cycle student are to be fulfilled in order to attain the examination targets is stated in respective individual study plan.

3 Entry requirements and selection

3.1 General entry requirements
According to 7 Chap. 39 § in the Higher Education Ordinance (1993:100).

3.2 Specific entry requirements
Qualified for entry to third-cycle education is she/he who has taken a second-cycle qualification in the fields of engineering or mathematics-sciences or who in some other way has acquired knowledge to be able to profit by the third-cycle studies of the subject.

3.3 Selection
According to 7 Chap. 41 § in the Higher Education Ordinance (1993:100) and the current admission regulations at BTH. Selection is to be made in consideration of the applicants’ capacity to profit by the education. The foundation for selection among the qualified applicants is the degree of capacity to profit by the third-cycle education, and the access to supervision and other resources in view of the planned specialization of the licentiate thesis/doctoral dissertation.

The bases of assessment applied at the selection for third-cycle education are constituted by:

- Familiarity with the theory and applications of the subject,
- Relevant work experience where appropriate,
- Skills in expression of speech and in writing,
- Familiarity with English,
- Creativity, capacity for initiative, independence and ability to co-operate.

To assess how the applicant fulfils the bases of assessment results are used that show passed higher education courses, quality of the independent work and possible publications, references,
interviews together with a personal letter from the applicant which describes the applicant’s expectations on and intentions with the education. In certain cases the applicant may undergo specific work tests.

Admission to third-cycle education is done on a continuous basis.

4 Examinations that form part of the education
The education consists of courses and a scientific work. Examinations that form part of the third-cycle education are assessed with the grades pass/failed. A grade on a course and a licentiate thesis, respectively, is determined by a specially appointed examiner. A grade on a doctoral dissertation is determined by a specially appointed grading committee.

For a possible credit transfer, see the current order for credit transfers and the guidelines for credit transfers for first-cycle and second-cycle education.

4.1 Courses
In support of the research work and for the fulfilment of the examination targets generally, the third-cycle student takes a number of courses. Courses completed at BTH as well as courses from other higher education institutions can be included.

For third-cycle courses given at BTH there is to be a written course description which, among other things, states the title of the course in Swedish and English, the course objectives, content and credits. The individual study plan is to regulate which courses can form part of the studies and how many higher education credits each course should award (for participation in a course originally intended for first- or second-cycle see the guidelines for credit transfer of courses in third-cycle education).

In accordance with the BTH program and action plan for quality work, the third-cycle student who within the framework of the employment is expected to teach is to take the first part (3 higher education credits) of the introductory course in teaching and learning in higher education (7.5 higher education credits).

Components of the education in the areas below are compulsory. How these are examined, through a course or other component, is regulated in each separate individual study plan.
- Research methodology
- Information search for researchers
- Scientific writing and scientific review
- Ethics in research

The choice of courses is to be characterized by flexibility with regard to the third-cycle student’s prior knowledge and the specialization of the research work and is to be determined in consultation between the third-cycle student, supervisors and examiner. The examination format is determined by the examiner in consultation with the supervisors. Goal attainment is tested by the examiner.
All compulsory courses or components are to be completed before the doctoral dissertation is publicly defended at the public defence of the doctoral dissertation. Other courses and components are to be chosen so that the third-cycle student obtains both breadth and depth in the research domain. The courses are also to benefit the third-cycle student’s competence and skills, her/his studies or scientific work.

4.2 Scientific work
Scientific work in the form of a licentiate thesis/doctoral dissertation is to be designed as an integrated, connected scientific work (monograph) or as a summary – introductory chapter – together with pertaining scientific academic papers (compilation), which the third-cycle student has written alone or together with another person. The scientific work is written in English or Swedish.

The licentiate thesis is to be defended orally at a public licentiate seminar. For further information please see “Regulations for licentiate seminars” established by BTH.

The doctoral dissertation is to be defended orally at a public defence of doctoral dissertation. For further information please see “Regulations for the public defence of a doctoral dissertation” established by BTH.

5 Degree

5.1 Examination targets
Goals according to the System of Qualifications in the Higher Education Ordinance (1993:100) according to enclosure.

5.2 Title of qualification
The degree title of third-cycle studies in Swedish at BTH consists of a general degree with the addition of a prefix. The prefix is normally teknologie (Technology).

Third-cycle students studying for a Degree of Licentiate in Systems Engineering normally receives the Swedish degree title teknologie licentiatexamen (Eng. Degree of Licentiate of Technology).

Third-cycle students studying for a Degree of Doctor in Systems Engineeing normally receives the Swedish degree title teknologie doktorsexamen (Eng. Degree of Doctor of Philosophy).

6 Effective date and interim regulations
This general syllabus becomes effective on July 1 2016.
ANNEX
General qualifications

Degree of Licentiate [Licentiatesexamen]

Scope
A Degree of Licentiate is awarded

either after a third-cycle student has completed a study programme of at least 120 credits in a subject in which third-cycle teaching is offered,
or after a third-cycle student has completed one part comprising at least 120 credits of a study programme intended to conclude with the award of a PhD, if a higher education institution decides that a Degree of Licentiate of this kind may be awarded at the institution.

Outcomes

Knowledge and understanding
For a Degree of Licentiate the third-cycle student shall demonstrate knowledge and understanding in the field of research including current specialist knowledge in a limited area of this field as well as specialised knowledge of research methodology in general and the methods of the specific field of research in particular.

Competence and skills
For a Degree of Licentiate the third-cycle student shall

- demonstrate the ability to identify and formulate issues with scholarly precision critically, autonomously and creatively, and to plan and use appropriate methods to undertake a limited piece of research and other qualified tasks within predetermined time frames in order to contribute to the formation of knowledge as well as to evaluate this work

- demonstrate the ability in both national and international contexts to present and discuss research and research findings in speech and writing and in dialogue with the academic community and society in general, and

- demonstrate the skills required to participate autonomously in research and development work and to work autonomously in some other qualified capacity.

Judgement and approach
For a Degree of Licentiate the third-cycle student shall

- demonstrate the ability to make assessments of ethical aspects of his or her own research

- demonstrate insight into the possibilities and limitations of research, its role in society and the responsibility of the individual for how it is used, and
demonstrate the ability to identify the personal need for further knowledge and take responsibility for his or her ongoing learning.

**Thesis**

For a Degree of Licentiate the third-cycle student shall have been awarded a pass grade for a research thesis of at least 60 credits.

**Miscellaneous**

Specific requirements determined by each higher education institution itself within the parameters of the requirements laid down in this qualification descriptor shall also apply for a Degree of Licentiate with a defined specialisation.

**Degree of Doctor**

**Scope**

A Degree of Doctor is awarded after the third-cycle student has completed a study programme of 240 credits in a subject in which third-cycle teaching is offered.

**Outcomes**

**Knowledge and understanding**

For the Degree of Doctor the third-cycle student shall

- demonstrate broad knowledge and systematic understanding of the research field as well as advanced and up-to-date specialised knowledge in a limited area of this field, and

- demonstrate familiarity with research methodology in general and the methods of the specific field of research in particular.

**Competence and skills**

For the Degree of Doctor the third-cycle student shall

- demonstrate the capacity for scholarly analysis and synthesis as well as to review and assess new and complex phenomena, issues and situations autonomously and critically

- demonstrate the ability to identify and formulate issues with scholarly precision critically, autonomously and creatively, and to plan and use appropriate methods to undertake research and other qualified tasks within predetermined time frames and to review and evaluate such work

- demonstrate through a dissertation the ability to make a significant contribution to the formation of knowledge through his or her own research
- demonstrate the ability in both national and international contexts to present and discuss research and research findings authoritatively in speech and writing and in dialogue with the academic community and society in general

- demonstrate the ability to identify the need for further knowledge and

- demonstrate the capacity to contribute to social development and support the learning of others both through research and education and in some other qualified professional capacity.

**Judgement and approach**
For the Degree of Doctor the third-cycle student shall

- demonstrate intellectual autonomy and disciplinary rectitude as well as the ability to make assessments of research ethics, and

- demonstrate specialised insight into the possibilities and limitations of research, its role in society and the responsibility of the individual for how it is used.

**Research thesis (doctoral thesis)**
For the Degree of Doctor the third-cycle student shall have been awarded a pass grade for a research thesis (doctoral thesis) of at least 120 credits.

**Miscellaneous**
Specific requirements determined by each higher education institution itself within the parameters of the requirements laid down in this qualification descriptor shall also apply for a Degree of Doctor with a defined specialisation.